

THEOMIX



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Church documents, moral teachings, St Paul 8

Our Say The Church and her social teaching

he Church has some very enlightened social teaching. The Second Vatican Council's expression in the Pastoral Constitution on the Church in the Modern World (Gaudium et Spes) is typical:

The protection of personal rights is a necessary condition for the active participation of citizens, whether as individuals or collectively, in the life and government of the state (n.73).... The choice of government and the method of selecting citizens is left to the free will of citizens (n.74)..... It is in full accord with human nature that juridical-political structures should, with ever better success and without any discrimination, afford all their citizens the chance to participate freely and actively in establishing the constitutional bases of a political conunuity, governing the state, detennining the scope and purpose of various institutions, and choosing leaders. Hence let all citizens be mindful of their simultaneous right and duty to vote freely in the interest of advancing the conunon good (n.75).

Here we see a reiteration of the individual's rights and responsibilities to participate in and contribute to the life and government Qfthe society in which he/she lives.

There are forums within the Church ■ where this teaching on collegiality is practised. Most religious congregations, for example, would go to great lengths to Laici, about Church governance: assist all the members of the congregation to play their part "in the life and government" of the institution. The same could be said of some parishes and dioceses.

It is a matter of grave concern, however, that the spirit - if not the letter - of the Church's social teaching, has not been energetically embraced by all of those in positions of authority in the Church and applied to the society of the Church. The Church is vulnerable to the accusation that she does not live what she proclaims.

If the spirit of the Second Vatican Council is to be remembered for one major theme - after its general call for aggiornamento through both a renewed fidelity to the Gospel and an intelligent listening to the signs of the times - it must surely be that of collegiality. The Council clearly envisaged much more consultation for, and participation in, the governance of the Church than had previously been the case in a clerically dominated Church.

ope John Paul II makes a strong statement in his post-Synodal Apostolic Exhortation of 1989, Christifide/es

The recent Synod has favoured the creation of Diocesan Pastoral Councils, as a recourse at opportune times. In fact, on a diocesan level this structure could be the principle form of collaboration, dialogue, and discernment as well. The participation of the lay faithful in these Councils can broaden resources in consultation and the principle of collaboration and in certain instances also in decisionmaking - if applied in a broad and determined manner (n.25).

The Church will find it difficult to participate effectively in public debates if she is not clearly seen to be pursuing her own best principles in a "detennined manner". Much can be done to increase the level of consultation of the baptised and their participation in the life and government of the Church. Certainly this move will be fraught with difficulties. But refusal to move in the "detennined manner" - called for by the Pope - towards greater collegiality, will be quite simply destructive. D

This journal is one of the works of the Sydney based group

These are the founding members:

Marie Biddle R.S.J., Marie Byrne, Marea Donovan, Geraldine Doogue, Kate Englebrecht, Michael Kelly S.J., Robyn Lawson, Stephanie Long, Tony Neylan, Josephine Scarf,

Martin Teulan, Ruth van Herk, Michael Whelan, S.M.

The following is its mission statement:

We are believers who are attempting to establish a forum for conversation within the Catholic Church of Australia. Our aim is to prompt open exchanges among the community of believers, mindful of the diversity of expression of faith in contemporary Australia. This springs explicitly from the spirit of Pope John XXIII and Vatican II: "Let there be unity in what is necessary, freedom in what is unsettled. and charity in any case"

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(Gatttlittm et 8J3es, n.92).

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The Four Arrows & the Cross symbolise diversity giving rise to communion in and through the Paschal Mystery. Those who are diverse by nature & culture, in and through Christ find lifegiving unity.

The Human Face

y NAME IS PHILLIP YUILE. I WAS BORN IN Sydney and spent the first few years of my life in Bun- poor state of health care there. Kathryn danoon. Igrew up in Sydney, mainly En- and land some others took a couple of field, and went to school at Newington weeks off and went to see for ourselves. where received a good education and grounding for life. Medicine always held a total amputations, brutal mastectomies, fascination for me, even as a child. Later \ awful radiation bums etc. Much of the developed a particular interest in cancer, cancer treating equipment goes back to the why it happens and so on. Iwent to NSW 40's and 50's. Many of the techniques are University where I graduated in medicine outdated and the availability of medication in 1973.

My family has been a major influence on my life - particularly my mother - to came and held her hand, in the middle of Chi Minh City - the first in the country. the night, sang the hymn "There is a Green Hill Far Away", she opened her eyes, has enormous ramifications. Not only is looked at him, smiled, mouthed some the sick person no longer able to work, but part of the whole family.

and Kathryn's family, Fr Carol Grew has a buffalo or the like. For example, a CT been a significant part of my faith journey. scan in Vietnam costs about \$US 100 and He celebrated our wedding, the baptisms of the average annual income is about all our children and has been a great \$US250. Since there are only 2 CT scanfriend. When I became a Catholic about 5 ners in Vietnam for 72 million people few years ago, he was also there to celebrate people actually receive this level of sophisthat with us. (When I was young I said I

would never marry a smoker or a Catholic Shore, for example, there are some 20 CT and I got the quinella!)

me away from Catholicism - like the care and access to good medicine and fateaching on the infallibility of the Pope and cilities that we have set up Australians for the place of Mary in the Church - I eventu- Cancer Care in Vietnam. We not only try ally came to understand differently and to help with cancer related activities, alappreciate. Carol Grew was a great help - though that is the major thrust, but aim to over some long lunches, beers pies and assist in all areas of medicine. 0 chips at the Newport Arms.

We have also been involved with Parish Family Groups for more than 10 years. 0162) Originally I wondered how I would have the time but it has been tremendous. All of this has been part of a general evolution of my faith, as has my work at the Mater with the Mercy Sisters and Staff. Their unique care of thee sick and their general attitudes to life set me thinking. I still treasure the Methodist tradition of hymn singing and love to play those hymns in the car as I drive.

My work of specialization in the treatment of people with cancer has had a very special spinoff. About 5 years ago we had a cobalt machine for which we had no further use, although it was in good working order. We offered the machine to World

Vision. To cut a long story short, they ended up giving it to the people in Da Nang, Vietnam, where they were setting up an oncology unit. Our engineer, who went over and installed it, told us of the

The conditions are in fact appalling -- such as pain killers - is very limited.

Now we go up there about twice a year whom lwas very close. Also my mother's and organize others to do the same. All go mother who lived with us for more than 20 at their own expense. We have, for examyears. She died a remarkable death at the ple, a palliative care physician who went age of 95. My wife Kathryn and \ were up with us. He was so moved, he now goes both present at her hospital bedside. She on his own initiative and is involved in was comatose, the Methodist minister advising on setting up hospice care in Ho

If a person becomes sick in Vietnam it words then died. Nan was a very important other family members have to care for that person. If he/she has to have serious medi-Apart from the influence of my own cal treatment that generally means selling ticated treatment. We take these things for granted in health care. On Sydney's North

scanners for a few hundred thousand peo-Some of the things that initially turned ple. It is for these reasons of inequity of

> (If you would like to assist Philip ill is aid program you can pl1011e him 011 02 9983



Your Say - Beware the too hard basket

The Catholic bishops propose a major inquiry into the role of women in the Church, conceding that the extent of women's contribution to the church has been long neglected.

On their admission, this initiative is long overdue! (by 1500 years?). Nevertheless, it is to be applauded and supported with as much informed response as possible, given the intense issues of the changing roles of women, in society and in the Church; of their equality and leadership; of the Church's patriarchal sexism. Let's hope as many people as possible, both women and men, active and nonactive Catholics, lay people and clergy, own, examine and assess these issues, and tell it as it really is. The desire and need for more dialogue are growing.

When the final reports of this inquiry come in, let's expect the messengers are

"There ought to be an honest and critical covering of the facts, not an ... excursion into fruitless controversy," said Cardinal Clancy. And likewise, Bishop Manning promised the church would concentrate on "establishing facts rather than entering into ... controversy ." What is really meant by this? We truly hope and expect that establishing the facts will be the point of the whole exercise.

To me controversy sounds a bit like the too-hard basket. To mention a few significant items in that basket:

- the changing roles of women and their rightful claim for equal rights in the church, where they are full participants. (Rome has declared the women-priests issue infallibly off limits. Yet, the issue is still very much alive and well, if you listen to rank-and-file Catholics);
- the gap between Church teachings and the convictions of many faithful on the meaning of human sexuality;
- the human rights of all persons be defended, regardless of their sexual orienta-
- the equality of all the faithful;
- the ways the official church makes deci-

omen are more than 50 per-cent of a Catholic church which, in these times, has to include, and attend pastorally to, people who are divorced and remarried; a church where priests have left, and got married; a church whose voice with the youth and the young-adult generations is barely audible; a church where theologians and others exercise freedom of speech, requiring by way of official response honest dialogue, academic freedom, and due process.

If these issues, which engage the minds and hearts of Christian women, are not candidly expressed and examined, there is every possibility that this worth while project could be hijacked by the socalled radical sections in the church.

Cardinal Bernardin, in launching the Catholic Common Ground Project, 12 August, 1996, put it this way:

The Church's leadership, both clerical and lay, must reaffirm and promote the full range and demands of authentic unity, acceptable diversity and respectful dialogue, not just as a way to dampen conflict, but as a way to make our conflicts constructive, and ultimately, as a way to understand for ourselves and articulate for our world the meaning of discipleship of Jesus Christ.

We want to encourage our bishops in this task ahead for all of us in the church. We hope they continue, and choose to remain in the conversation, with total candour and courage, and begin to deal with the controversy, no matter how intense or hot it may become. Otherwise, they are not dealing with some of the relevant facts, which deeply affect all Catholics, women included. The too-hard basket neither empties nor destructs of itself.

Bill Welsh, Ormiston, OLD

Letters

date on some matters within the Church that one cannot find elsewhere and it keeps me hopeful for the future Church. Thank you.

Marie Carey, Epping, NSW

Delighted to discover SIP and The Mix on a recent trip to Sydney. It has certainly revived my drooping spirits. I look forward to receiving copies of The Mix and also introducing it to others in Tassie. Thank you for your wonderful article 'Tis Death that Makes Life Live. The courage and hope of people like yourself and Bishop Robinson has inspired me to keep going.

Maureen Holloway, Dilston, TAS

Israelites, Chinese and an African: What do I see they have in common? Long marches!! My recent long march through the Bible (a few pages each day) took 464 days. The Chinese did not take as long on it gives them information. their Long March. Mandela outstripped them all. I've now set out on savouring Pat Ryan RSM. Dubbo, NSW

- my modern Exodus experience! I estimate my small daily tastes will take approximately 384 days. The Mix 's "The Bible" and "The Tradition" will be valued companions on myjourney.

Joan Kelly, Sydney, NSW

Recent events in the life of the Church and my reading of the life of Pope John XXIII lead me to reflect upon how I might be involved in promoting the spirit of Vatican II. It was at this time that I received a copy of The Mix. Congratulations to you and your team on launching Catalyst.

Chris Ford SDB, Chadstone, VIC

Congratulations on *The Mix*. It is a very welcomed and much needed publication as it gives people who are searching ways to follow Christ, a forum to express their desires, frustrations etc. and at the same time

The Mix is a joy to me as it keeps me up to Mandela's "long walk". A few pages a day Catalyst for Renewal excites me . . . a movement well worthy of support, as is any effort to further the implementation in our lives the ground-breaking fresh air of Vatican II. I can't do very much more than 'to pray and pay' to aid this worthy project. I am an 81 year old full rate pensioner.

Eric Mathys, Sevenhill, SA

Delighted with The Mix. The content is challenging and thought provoking. Offers one a healthy stimulus where doom and gloom and control, power and a quick retreat into yesterday are so rampant.

John Frauenfelder, Albury, NSW

Stimulating and challenging! ... I rejoice in the establishment of The Mix and trust that it will be a light to those who read it and a catalyst to a new spring in our Australian Church.

Peter Harrington, Nth Ryde, NSW

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Essay - The pulpit, the parliament and the public domain

lecture which Frank Brennan gave at selves squarely into the public domain. the United Faculty of Theology in Melbourne on October 1"1996

midst of the national debate on euthanasia and following the death of Mr Dent, why was I less than helped by the observation reported in the national media by Father Gino Concetti, a Vatican moral theologian said to be close to Pope John Paul II, that "One remains stupefied and horrified by this shocking case of euthanasia that was requested and granted." Why was I disheartened to see the variety of official church comment from Cardinal appropriate thing".

In the middle as the voice of reason was the Primate of the Anglican Church and Archbishop of Melbourne, Dr Keith Ray-Dr Rayner said. "It will be a short step to son and civic activity. justifying the taking of a life that is no longer productive." The most heartening comment I have read is this morning's observation of Morris West in The Australian: "The pronouncements of religious leaders will carry more weight, will be seen as more relevant if they are delivered in the visible context of a truly pastoral function, which is the mediation of the mystery. of creation, the paradox of the silent godhead and suffering humanity". In other words, those of us from the

pulpit do best in the public domain when we are seen exemplifying the finest qualities of the pulpit rather than poorly aping the shock-horror one minute grab of the politicians in front of the news camera. This is no rationale for withdrawing from the public domain. Reflecting on our reactions to each of these church interventions

The following is an edited version of a may give us signposts how best to put our-

hose influenced that, Rawlsian lliberalism society, there is no place in public debate for religious views. Religion at best is seen as the private wellspring for individual imagination and energy, but it has no place in shaping the arguments or positions held in the public domain. Religious views about the common good and the dignity of romantic luxuries for those spared the bur- authentically: "Thy kingdom come." densome responsibility of public office. In his Political Liberalism, Rawls postulates a Clancy's description of the euthanasia law threefold division of public, non-public and as arrogant and irresponsible, saying, private. For Rawls, the public is essentially rarely: "Is this conduct right or wrong?" "Euthanasia is an ugly thing. It has two political, the realm in which determina- More often the question is: "What conduct names, either murder or suicide"; to the tions are made about the coercive use of o:ught be sanctioned by the state - either general secretary of the Uniting Church state power. The non-public is the sphere banned or prescribed?" It is one thing to Board for Social Responsibility, the Rever- of civil society, "the culture of daily life, of teach: "I believe euthanasia is wrong. I end Harry Herbert, saying he was disap- its many associations: churches and uni- would never do it. I would never encourage pointed by the reaction of the churches versities, learned and scientific societies, my family, friends and co-religionists to do which were failing to listen to people. He and clubs and teams." Church leaders be- it." It is another to advocate: "There ought said:"! think there may be occasions when long in the non-public arena. They lead to be a law against it." In the personal a person is within a few days of death, their flocks, not the public. They are heard realm, as people of conscience, we debate when a person has quite a deal of pain in church halls, not on the national air what is right and wrong. In the non-public when voluntary euthanasia might be an waves. They are said to have no place and arena, we discern what we would want to be abusing their position in agitating others, for whom we care and with whom their concerns about euthanasia, abortion, we seek community, to be, to do and to casinos, 24-hour shopping, the dismantling profess. In the public domain, we need to of the welfare net, Aboriginal rights and be able to discuss with public reason not ner, warning that what was now an act of the rights of minorities. The pulpit is only the fundamental values we espouse choice would soon turn to 'subtle pressure' viewed essentially as a place for private and the principles we apply, but also to to end life, so people could avoid becoming discourse among like-minded persons who debate fundamental rights, the common a burden on family and friends. "It will not might then emerge from the night of re- good and the needs of the disadvantaged. be long before economic factors intervene," ligious practice into the day of public rea- By the common good, Imean the social,

> "Thepronouncements of religious leaders will carry more weight ... if they are delivered in the visible context of a truly pastoral function, which is the mediation of the mystery of creation, the paradox of the silent godhead and suffering humanity"

Christians with a vocation to work for the breaking in of the kingdom here and now, affirming and nurturing their hope in the kingdom:to come, do not restrict themselves to a Rawlsian vision of the world. They see that they have a threefold mission for justice: by direct service and accompaniment of the poor, by developing awareness of the demands- of justice joined to the social responsibility to achieve it, and by participating in social mobilisation for the creation of a more just social order. These the poor and dispossessed are sidelined as Christians need faith and works to pray

> n our parliaments and in the public domain, the controversial question is economic and political conditions which are necessary to assure that the minimum human needs of all will be met and which will make possible social and political participation for all.

> People of good will confronting new social problems are limited as to how far they can impinge on the private realm, whether they be legislators, judges or preachers in pulpits. The preacher as much as any other citizen is bound by the requirements of public reason in the public domain. Emotive claims about right and wrong are usually nothing to the point. Rather there is a need to consider four questions:

- Does what is proposed violate a fundamental value espoused by the majority?
- Does it threaten a fundamental right of any person or group?
- Does it threaten the common good or public interest?

Does it unduly disadvantage any group 1. From the pulpit, we expect to hear dispas-(usually the poor)?

Unless at least one of those questions can be answered in the affirmative, there is no case for a law or government policy. If the fundamental value be espoused only by a minority there will be a need to demon- 2 strate an interference with fundamental rights or the common good.

Stepping from the pulpit into the public domain in a pluralistic and increasingly secular society, we Christians ex.peel to be slighted and suspected. Just in the last week on the euthanasia debate, we have had Professor Baume, Chancellor of the Australian National University (one lcount as a friend) discounting Christian arguments about the sanctity of life in these

Voluntary euthanasia is opposed by many who wish to impose - their views on others. Sometime's opponents appeal to some higher power, putting great store on their own version of revealed truth and sometimes stressing "sanctity of life" in their arguments. Since they are sometimes the same people who support capital punishment and who send clergymen to bless and toserve in armies devoted to killing human beings, or are supporters of those who waged religious wars, or of those who burned and tortured people who disagreed with them, who enhard to take then arguments about "sanctity": of life" seriously.

Imagine if the argument were to be put: "Voluntary euthanasia is supported by many who stress the importance of selfautonomy and self-determination. Since they are sometimes the supporters of those who have put down the Palestinians, it is hard to take their arguments about selfautonomy and self-determination seriously". These sorts of ad hominem arguments and group caricatures are characteristic of the church's portrayal in the public 3. The need to distinguish Jaw and policy as domain in Australia. Churches are easily portrayed as the last bastion of irrational-

Unless we people of the church abuse our public trust, we are as entitled as anyone else in the public domain to seek civic courtesy. When we do abuse our public trust, as in our failure adequately to deal with pastors known to be involved in cases of child sexual abuse, we need to demonstrate afresh the gospel values and civic virtues of honesty, integrity, forgiveness and justice.

nyone stepping from the pulpit into Anyone stepping from the pulpit into the public domain expects no smooth ride or ready acceptance. To make the move, we must bear in mind seven points:

- sionate analysis of social issues and proposed measures by assessing their impact on individual rights, the corrunon good or public interest, and how they further the preferential option for the poor, disadvantaged and dispossessed.
- With declining church attendances and a more educated laity, people are now Jess concerned with the authority of the speaker. It's no longer a question of "Who's speaking" but "Who's listening". It is not so much an issue as to what position the person holds in the church. Rather, what is the cogency of the statement? What value does it add to the debate? Critics are more likely to look at the practice of the church rather than its statements and more likely to size up the company in which the speaker is placed than the particular statement. In the public domain, people are more likely to be attentive to the church's structures and actions rather than words about rights, liberty and the corrunon good. The less democratic, inclusive and transparent a church, the less likely its message to be heard in the public domain of contemporary Australia. Our actions and structures speak more loudly than our

moving from the pulpit to the public domain have a courage both si es in Northern Ireland, it is Snecial imnerative to work for recognition and justice for indigenous Australians so that the nation may be reconciled to itself through its history and shared commitment to a future secure for all

UStra lan II flStlans

- identity.
- 4. Churches are easily parodied in the public domain as antiquated ghettoes of antiintellectualism and illiberalism rather than as havens of charity and reflective thought.
- Gone are the days when churches can retain their internal consistency by distinguishing the pastoral and the nonnative in their Frank Brennan SJ is Director of UN/YA Jesuit parodying of the Catholic position.
- 6. Emotional rhetoric aimed at holding the party line is no substitute for rational discourse attractive to those outside the fold attracted by the fruits of our action - in democratic process, excelling our opponents

by displaying true respect for our opponents, giving them the benefit of the doubt, preswning the best motives and seeing their point of view, utilising their reason, their experience in the light of our Scripture and our traditions.

Australian Christians moving from the pulpit to the public domain have a special imperative to work for recognition and justice for indigenous Australians so that the nation may be reconciled to itself through its history and shared conunitment to a future secure for all, especially for those who have no claim on any other coWltry or culture. They must also counter the rising tide of racism and xenophobia, so that all may be one. Australia has been spared the political violence of a Wounded Knee, Oka or Bastion Point. No matter what the electoral mandate of the government of the day, we need to be attentive to the voice of the moderate Aboriginal leadership - those Aborigines wanting to establish the place of their own corrununities, while remaining open to dialogue and negotiation with the rest of us. We cannot simply prefer the view of those wanting assimilatiol\ for themselves, even if they be a silent majority as the present government suggests. While there is disagreement about the justice of Aboriginal claims, churches have a contribution to the civil discourse, influencing the public life of society in accord with strongly held religious convictions about the claims of the poor, the orphan, the widow, the stranger and the dispossessed. Given that those who answer opinion polls are also in the pews, there is a desperate call for conversion and that call should be heard from the pulpits and the parliaments so the public domain may guarantee participation for all individuals and

In conclusion, if we indeed be living in a new era of free speech, the voice of the preacher should be heard more often, not less. Let us take to heart the observation of Morris West: "The pronouncements of religious leaders will carry more weight, will be seen as more relevant if they are delivsanction, educative device and hallmark of ered in the visible context of a truly pastoral function, which is the mediation of the mystery of creation; the paradox of the silent godhead and suffering humanity". But at all times in this public domain we must speak with the voice of public reason. Therein lies the tension. 0

statements and by withholding themselves Social Justice Centre in Sydney. He is also a from ecwnenical dialogue. We see this most Fellow at Australian National University and clearly at the moment with the constant has made a marked contribution to the work of reconciliation with the Aborigina l peoples.

> What's a man's first duty'? The answer's brief: To be himself

Henrik Ibsen, Peer Gynt, IV, i

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Words for a Pilgrim People

Peter went up to Him and said, 'Lord, how often must I forgive my brother if he wrongs me? As often as seven times?' Jesus answered, 'Not seven,./ tell vou, but seventy seven times'. (Matthew 18:21-22)

In the long run is there any other way of handing on the Gospel than by transmitting to another person one's personal experience of faith? It must not happen that the pressing need to proclaim the Good News, to the multitudes should cause us to forget this form of proclamation whereby an individual ':S personal conscience is reached and touched by an entirely unique word that he or she receives from someone else. ... Yet one can never sufficiently stress the fact that evangelization does not consist only of the preaching and teaching of a doctrine. For evangelization must touch life: the natural life to which it gives a new meaning, thatnks to the evangelical perspectives that it reveals; and the supernatural life, which is not the negation but the purification and elevation of the natural life. (Evangelii Nuntiandi (1975), nn.46-47)

An elder said: Do not judge a fornicator if you are chaste, for if you do, you too are violating the law as much as he is. For he who said thou shalt not fornicate also said thou shalt not judge. (Thomas Merton, The Wisdom of the Desert, New Directions, 1970, 41)

He who has a heartfelt love for God is known by him. For a person grows in the love of God in the measure in which he takes that love into his inmost soul. Which is why, afterwards, such a one passionately longs for the illumination of knowledge to the point offeeling in his very bones, no longer aware of himself but wholly transformed by the love of God. Such a one is in this life without being in it. He still lives in his own body but unceasingly goes out to God through love by the very momentum of his soul. Henceforward, his heart burning with the fire of love he adheres to God with a sort of irrestistible desire, as if quite torn away from the love of self by the love of God. (Diadochus of Photike - Office of Readings, Week 2 of Ordinary Time, Friday.)

The Bible

If we were to think of the oral and written forms of communication today we would have no trouble in identifying many *literary forms*. And we are at home with these various forms, allowing each its place in the process of dealing with truth. Thus we have various forms of poetry and fiction, minutes of meetings and journalists' reports, eulogies and panegyrics, sermons and lectures, after dinner speeches and occasional presentations. When we confuse or fail to take sufficient account of particular forms, we can misrepresent the intention of the writer or speaker.

Literary form is simply the method or style of expression adopted by a particular writer or speaker to suit the intention for which he or she writes or speaks. The infinity of truth cannot be adequately expressed by any one form. In particular, factual statements are extremely limited in their ability to express the truth. Not infrequently a poem or piece of fiction is far more able to convey truth than any merely matter of fact statements.

The Bible too has its literary forms. Failure to take account of these forms can lead us into misinterpretations of the Bible. For example, if we read the Book of Genesis as if it were the kind of literary form one might find in a late 20th century science text book, we will never understand it. "The interpreter must determine what modes of writing, so to speak, the authors of the ancient period would be likely to use, and in fact did use. ... What those exactly were the commentator cannot determine as it were in advance, but only after a careful examination of the ancient literature of the East. For the modes of expression which, among ancient peoples, and especially those of the East, human language used to express its thought, none is excluded from the Sacred Books" (Divina AjJlant'e Spiritu (1963)).

Most of the literary forms used in the Bible were initially spoken rather than written. In some instances it was centuries before the written expression took shape. It would be useful when reading any part of the Bible to be familiar with the literary form of the text you are reading. T, fze, New Jerusalem Bible (Standard Edition) is probably the simplest reference as it contains both the biblical text and brief readable commentaries by good scholars.

Suggested Reading: See Wlder litermy forms in The New Jerome Biblical Commentary. Lawrence Boadt, Reading the Old Testament, Ch.4; Wilfrid Harrington, Key to the Bible, Volume 1, Ch.3; Joseph Jensen, God's Word to Israel, pp.284-288.

The Tradition

The specific religious concept implied by the Greek word gnosis is one that has caused a good deal of confusion. The Greek word literally means knowl?dge. Our English words ignorant and agnostic are rooted in this Greek word. However; gnosis is generally used to mean special religious knowledge. It is sometimes claimed that this concept was borrowed by early Christian writers from Greek philosophy. In fact, modem scholarship reveals a Christian use of gnosis that pre-dates its emergence as a specifically religious concept in Greek th<mght.

St Paul writes to the Ephesians of his prayer for them: "... to know the love of Christ which surpasses knowledge" (3:19); he reflects in his Letter to the Philippians: "... that I may know him and the power of his resurrection" (3:10). St Paul very clearly has in mind a specific kind of religious knowledge or gnosis. It is the gnosis of faith in which a mystical intimacy is forged between the believer and God in Christ our Redeemer. This is the same kind of knowledge referred to in John's reflection on the parable of the Good Shepherd (cf. Jn. IO: 14-18) and Matthew's record of the special knowledge that is given to the disciples (cf. Mt. 13:11). These New Testament writers are in turn dependent on traditional Jewish thought for their use of the word knowledge - or gnosis - as implying a specifically religious concept. This original usage in the Bible owes nothing to Greek usage.

The use of *gnosis* in Greek thought as a specifically religious concept, only begins to emerge with Philo (30BC-50AD), the Hellenic Jewish apologist. Significantly, Philo uses gnosis in the specifically religious sense only when he refers to texts from the Bible. Later Christian writers such as Justin Martyr (105-165), Ireneus (125-202) and Clement of Alexandria (150-215) spent a good deal of their time refuting pseudo-gnosis and explaining true gnosis.

The word Gnosticism has generally been applied in the tradition to those heresies that lost sight of the essential Gospel message in their attempts to accommodate various religious and quasi-religious philosophies. Gnosticism is generally characterized by syncretism, dualism, subjectivism and salvation through self-awareness and special knowledge (gnosis).

Suggested Reading: Louis Bouyer, HistOly of Spirituality, Volume I, pp.211-302; Johannes Quaesten, Patrology, Volume I, pp.256-277; Henry Chadwick, The Early Church, pp.33-41.

News in Brief

- was a wonderful success. The 220 guests teaching that the subsidiarity principle Episcopal Conference of Zaire on the heard thoughtful and probing presentations from the two guest speakers Justice Margaret Beazley and Geraldine Doogue. The texts of these presentations will be published early next year in The Mix. The waiting list of more than 50 indicates the popularity of this forum. More such events will be scheduled for 1997.
- The Statistical Yearbook of the Church (1994) reported that, in parishes worldwide, 73% had a resident priest serving as pastor and 27% have no resident pastor. In raw numbers that means that when these statistics were taken, 60.350 parishes were without a resident pastor. Of these, 55,542 were entrusted to a non-resident priest pastor, 373 to a permathe face of the coming handover .- to the nent deacon, 1,474 entrusted to lay people, People's Republic in 1997. 1,109 entrusted to female religious, 116 entrusted to male religious and 1,736 entirely vacant.
- The Catholic Bishops' Conference of England and Wales recently released a statement on Catholic social teaching entitled The Common Good and Catholic Social Teaching. In a preface, Cardinal Basil Hume stresses the "social dimension of the Gospel", noting that religion is "never just a private affair". Cardinal Hume noted that social action is not enough: "The future of humanity does not depend on political reform, social revolution or scientific advance. Something else is needed. It starts with a true conversion of mind and heart". The document itself goes on to say, among other things, that the dignity of the human person must be the criterion by which every institution or policy is assessed and that "no law should be passed without first considering what effect it would have on family life and especially on children". The Bishops' statement goes on to stress the principles of subsidiarity and solidarity. In particular,

• The Catalyst Dinner OI Od()ber 31st the statement recalls Pope Pius XII's telegram to Bishop Ngabu, head of the

right of succession to Cardinal Wu. The new co-adjutor is a Salesian priest, Joseph Zeng. Zeng was born in Shanghai and has taught in Bishop Jin's officially recognised seminary, at She Shan, Shanghai. At the same time Fr John Tong has been appointed auxiliary bishop. Both appointments are seen as an attempt to strengthen the Church's leadership in Hong King in

- The Catholic Bishops' Conference of human resources from the care of the most PNG and the Solomon Islands has re- basic needs of children.itt> other needs outcently made two public appeals for side of that specific mandate given by the peace in Bougainville. On September 24th, UN. In particular the Holy See is conthey condemned BRA leader Sam Kaona's cemed about "I) the failure of UNICEF to threat to kill 5 prisoners, saying "the ac- provide accountability for funds ...; 2) the tions you have threatened are against the participation of UNICEF in the publication law of God, against the principles of man- of a UN manual advocating the distribukind in general and certainly against he tion of abonifacient 'post-coital contracepbeliefs of the late Bishop Gregory Singkai. tives' ...; 3) evidence of UNICEF in-We appeal to all Catholics to reject such an volvement in advocacy to alter national obviously wrong response." On October legislation regarding abortion; and 4) 14th, the Bishops endorsed the words of credible reports that UNICEF workers in Archbishop Karl Hesse after the assassina- various countries were distributing contra-
- ... It is obvious there are people desperate Shusaku Endo died on Sunday Sep-
- •On October 31", John Paul II sent a

- means the state should not usurp the func- occasion of the tragic death of Archtions of subordinate groups and that to do so bishop Ngabu The Archbishop was killed "is a grave evil arid disturbance of right order". together with many of his people by rebels in Bukavu. In that telegram the Pope said Pope John Paul II has appointed a co- "I strongly enc mrage Christians to be in adjutor bishop in Hong Kong with the their brothers' and sisters' midst as tireless witnesses of Christ's charity and mercy".
 - On November 4th, the Holy See Permanent Observer Mission to the UN published a press release explaining why it cannot offer a contribution to UNICEF activities in the coming year. It noted that the withholding of this "symbolic offering" was a result of the "Holy See's increasing preoccupation with the changes in UNICEF's activities which have begun to divert some of its scarce economic and

tion of Theodore Miriung: "This killing is ceptives and colUlselling their use." another horrible atrocity in this sad crisis

to stop the peace process. It is just as obvi-tember 29th in Tokyo. Endo was a Cathoous that most people in Bougainville yearn lic novelist best known in the West for his for peace. It is obvious to us all that Pre-portrayal of missionaries and Christians in mier Miriung has sacrificed his life in the 17th century Nagasaki in the novel Silence. quest for peace. Let us all condemn this Endo, who won nearly every major Japaheartless, sinful act and let us honour this nese literary award, was often referred to man who laid down his life for his people". as Japan's Graham Greene. His best selling 1993 novel, Deep River, has recently been made into a film.

Bulletin Board

- promote conversation for renewal. No virtues that constitute "a good life". charge. BYO lunch . Tea/coffee provided • An Interfaith Seminar on Wednesday (Info: Michael 02 9816 3614)
- rently being planned. Eight sessions will tions to address the theme: A Spiritual 3286 5679)
- morning of reflection for all Friends on on the first Wednesdays of the months Saturday November 30th, 10am-lpm, at St March through October, and 8 at The Pym-Ignatius College, Riverview (Memorial ble Pub, Pymble, on the third Wednesdays Hall). There will be input with the opportu- of the same months. The sessions begin at 8913) nity for prayer and quiet time. Participants 7.30pm. The overall theme in 1997 will be will also meet other Friends and help to "The Good Life" with emphasis on the
- Spirituality in the Pub for 1997 is cur- four speakers from different faith tradi-
- Catalyst for Renewal is holding a be held at The Bellevue Hotel, Paddington, Ethos for Modern Australia. The seminar will be held at St James Hall, 169 Phillip St Sydney, commencing at 7.30pm. A light supper will follow. (Info: Meredith 02 9969
 - Cross Reference is a newsletter of the Epiphany Association for Catholic priests who have resigned from the active ministry and for their families. The November 27th 1996 will bring together newsletter is available from Bill Welsh, 44 Oak Street, Ormiston, Q. 4160. Tel: 07

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Recommended Reading

- Weighing and Interpreting Documents of temporary Medico-Mora/ Issues, Gill & Glazier/Liturgical Press Book, 1996, endthe Magisterium, E. J. Dwyer, 1996, endnotes, index, 208 pages, pb, c. \$25.
- Much confusion has arisen in recent years because little or no attention has been given to the work of interpreting Church documents - a work that is as difficult as it wanted to take those documents seriously. treatment of a difficult subject.
- Francis A. Sullivan, Creative Fidelity: David Smith, Life and Morality: Con- Brendan Byrne, Romans, A Michael Macmillan, 1996, endnotes, index, 301 pages, pb, c.\$25.
 - Smith is Head of the Department of Moral This work is the sixth volume in the Sacra as part of a wider ongoing debate
- notes, indices, further reading, 503 pages, hb, \$59.

Theology and Canon Law at the Milltown Pagina series on the New Testament. Institute, Dublin. His intention in this book Byrne is Professor of New Testament at the is to inform the reader and encourage on- Jesuit Theological College in Melbourne. is necessary. There has been little guidance going debate concerning issues that must This comprehensive reference work on St available to the popular reader who has be among the most troubling of our times. Paul's major letter, is a reminder to us all Smith includes summaries of Church of the fact that some of the Church's best Sullivan - Professor Emeritus of Theology teachings as well as opinions of various scholars are within the Australian Church. at the Gregorian University, Rome, cur- key thinkers from both inside and outside Byrne is the author of 5 other NT comrently teaching in Boston - offers a guide the Catholic tradition. If you want a com- mentaries and a contributor to the New book that is invaluable. Written primarily pendium of "answers" this is not the book Jerome Biblical Commentary and the Anfor students of theology, this book does for you as no conclusions are drawn Under chor Bible Dictionary. This is probably a that rare thing of combining first rate three main headings - abortion, in vitro book most readers will want to seek out in scholarship with a readable presentation. fertilisation and genetics - Smith presents a a library rather than purchase for personal Among the subjects he treats are evaluat- summary of historical and contemporary use. However, scholarly works such as this ing the level of authority exercised in arguments relevant to these issues. Because are timely reminders of the wealth of good documents of the magisterium, criteria for the topics are so complex, the book is de-research available and the need to take that identifying defined dogmas and examples manding, although Smith does an excel- research seriously. For example, Byrne of applying those criteria, evaluation and lent job in writing clearly and concisely. offers a pastoral and insightful interpretainterpretation of the documents of the Sec- There is precious little written outside tion of St Paul's reference to homosexualond Vatican Council. The book also con-scholarly circles to give guidance to the ity (cf. 1:26-27). "Interpretation must take tains a brief essay discussing the authority key issues in the field of medico-moral into account both the specific context and of Pope John Paul II's 1994 statement on questions. This book makes a significant rhetorical role of this allusion within the the ordination of women and the subse- contribution and should help the serious wider argument of Romans". Readers of quent statement from the Congregation for reader grapple more intelligently with the The Mix are encouraged to track this book the Doctrine of the Faith which claimed arguments. Gone are the days when we can down and spend at least one hour browsing that teaching is infallible. Creative Fidelity simply tum to a Church document for the with Byrne. If it does nothing else, it will is practical, readable and sure footed in its answer. Those documents must be studied give you a healthy respect for the complexities of biblical interpretation.

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